

Planning a Capital Project To Facilitate Integrated Care

A First Steps Overview

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www.caplink.org



Launched in 1995, Nonprofit
HRSA National Training and Technical Assistance Partner
Offices in CA, CO, FL, MA, and WV

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
|  <p>Plan for health center sustainability and growth</p> |  <p>CAPITAL Help health centers access capital</p> |  <p>Improve and optimize health center operations and financial management</p> |  <p>Articulate health center value</p> |
|---|---|---|---|

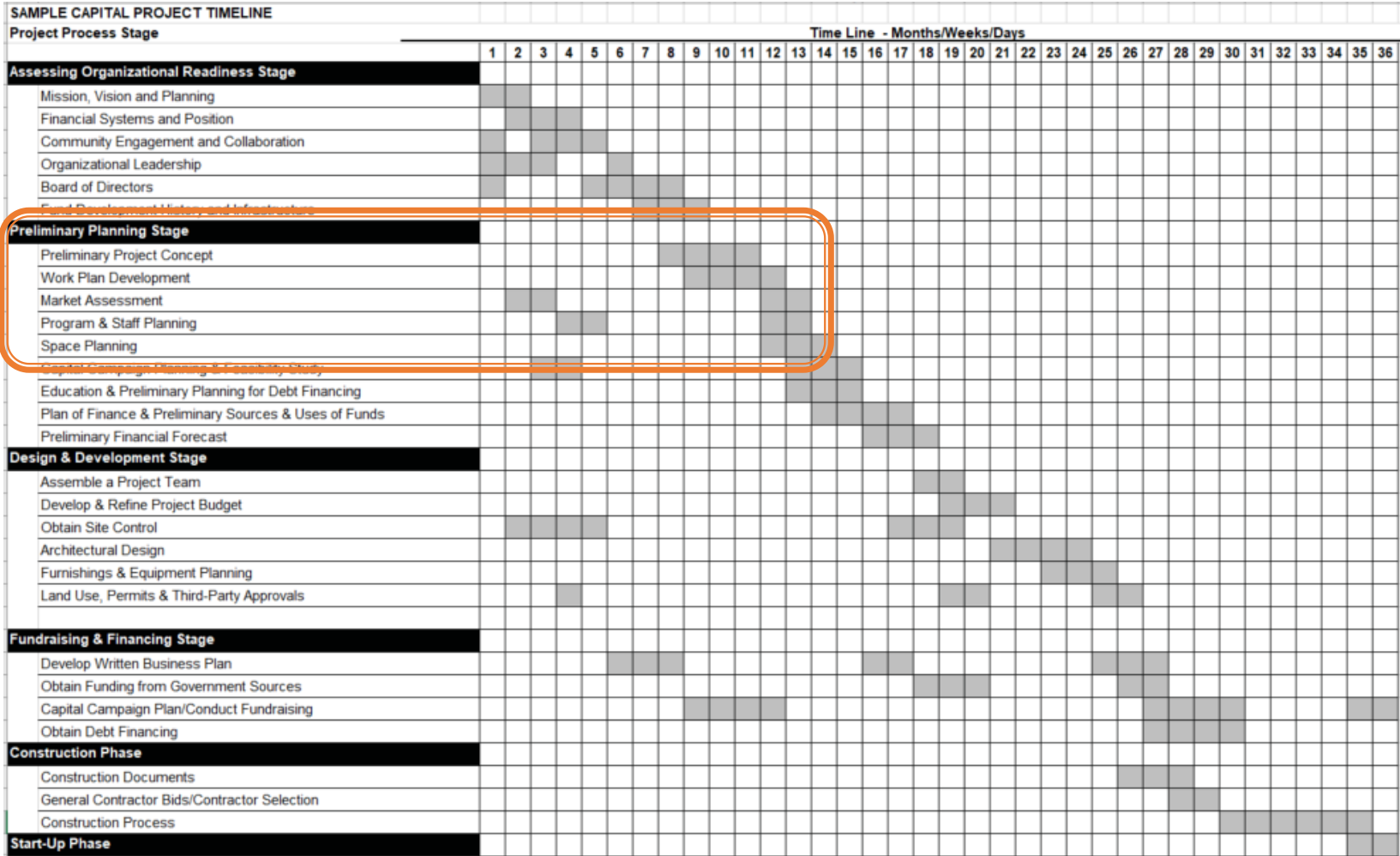
| | |
|--|--|
|  <p>25+ years of experience</p> |  <p>Worked with 45+ PCAs/HCCNs and regional consortia</p> |
|--|--|

| |
|---|
| ASSISTED 2/3rds OF HEALTH CENTERS NATIONALLY |
| LEVERAGED \$1.25 billion |
| FOR 235+ HEALTH CENTER PROJECTS |
| TOTALING OVER \$1.5 billion |



Capital Planning Principles

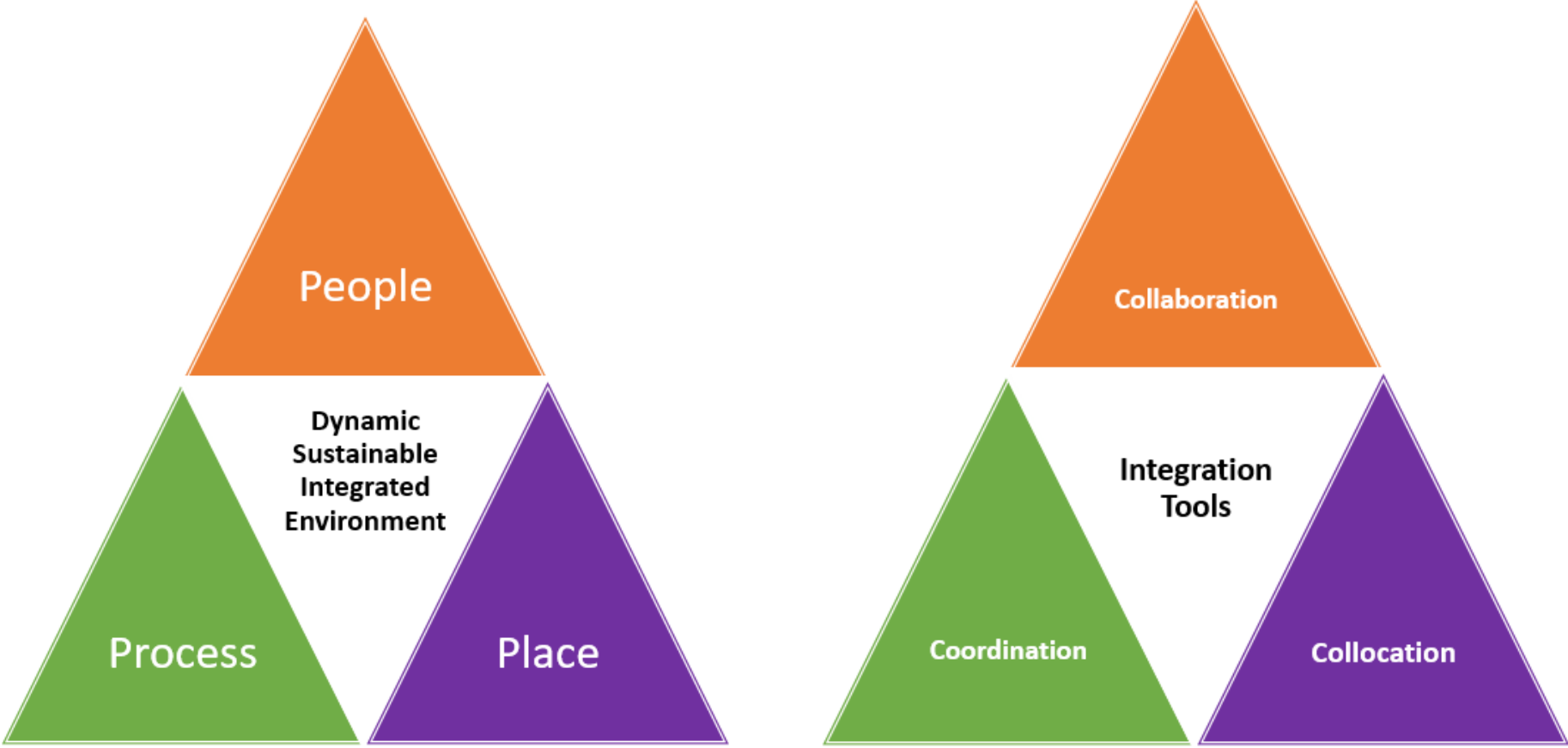
When to Plan What?



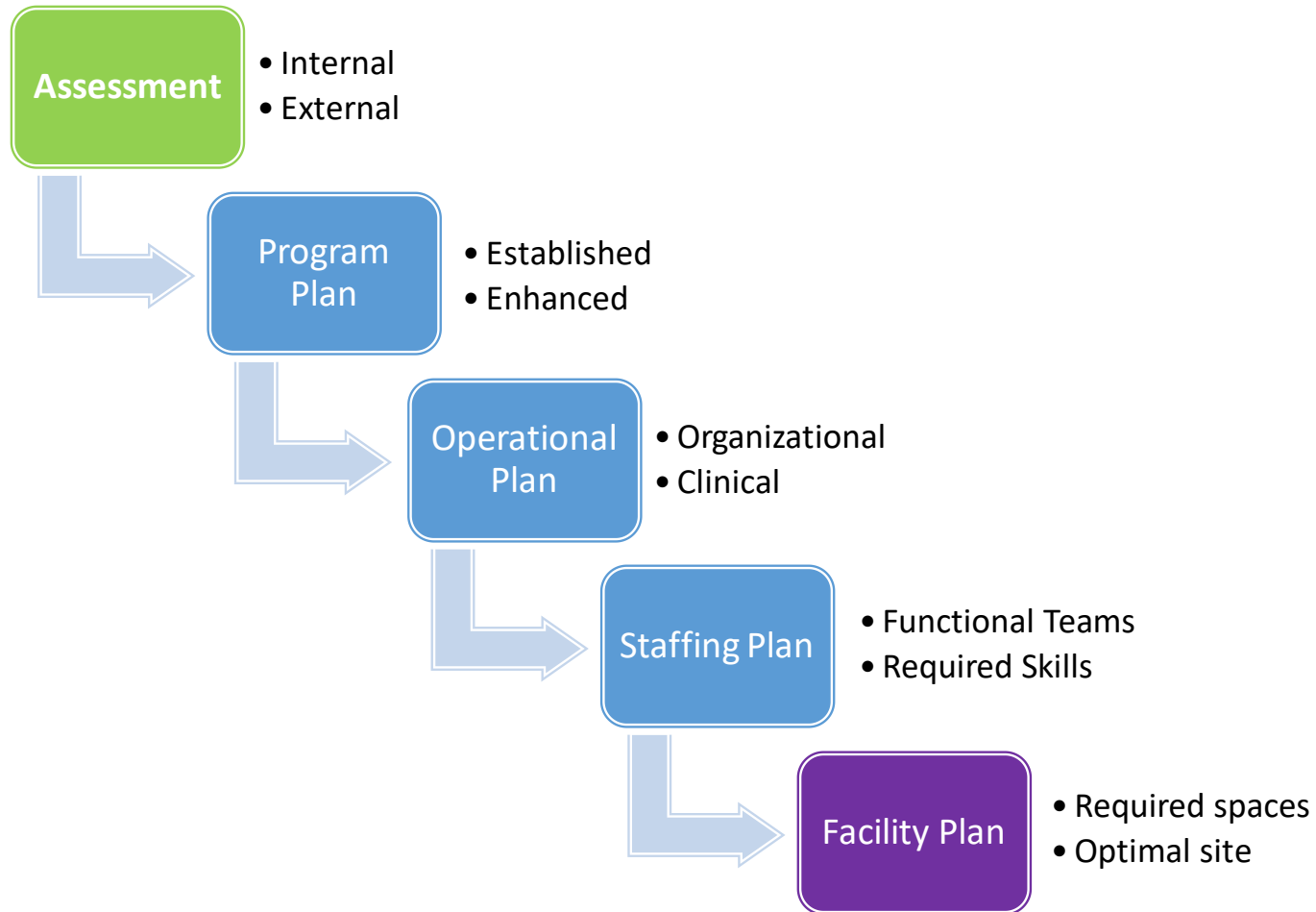
https://www.capl原因.org/images/stories/Resources/publications/Pub.Work_Plan_Manual.pdf

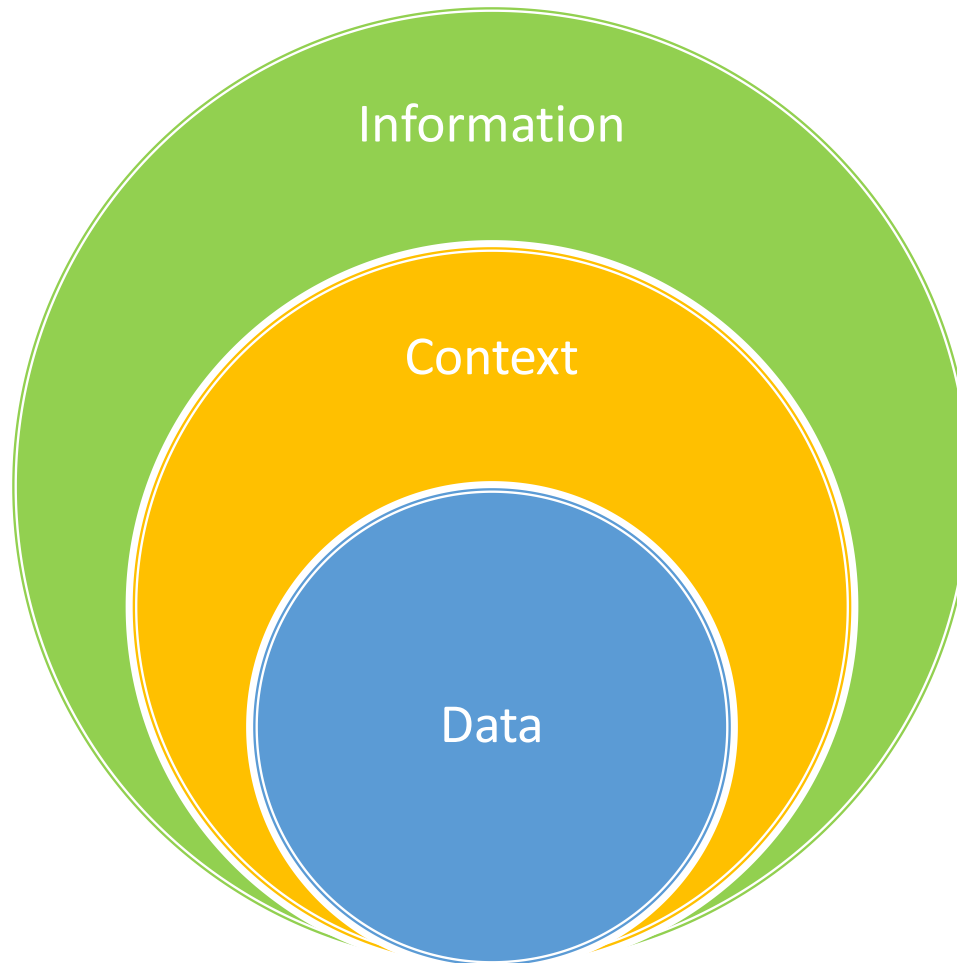


Planning Principle B: Facilitate Dynamic Alignment



Planning Principle C: Assess Before You Define

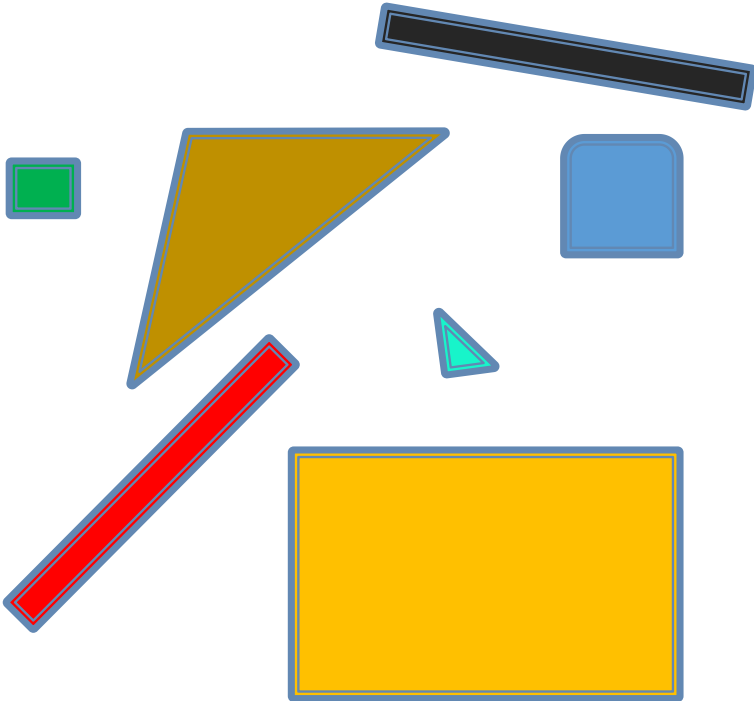




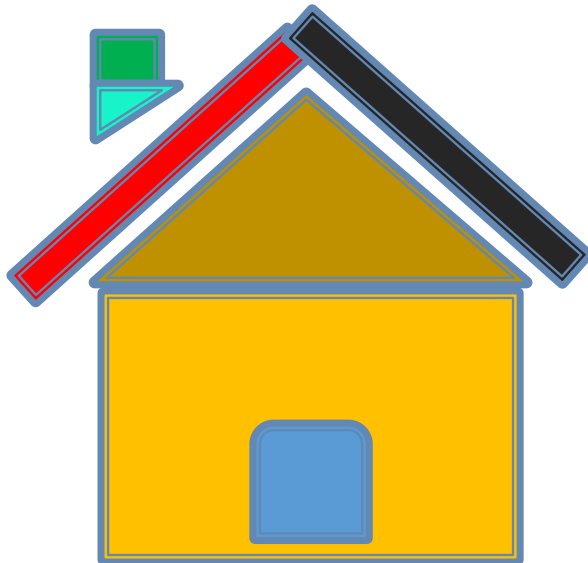
Hypothesis



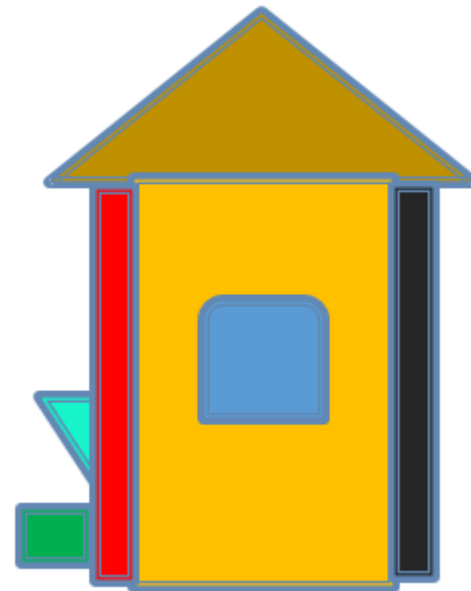
Data



Interpretation Within *Our Context*



Interpretation Within *An Alternate Context*

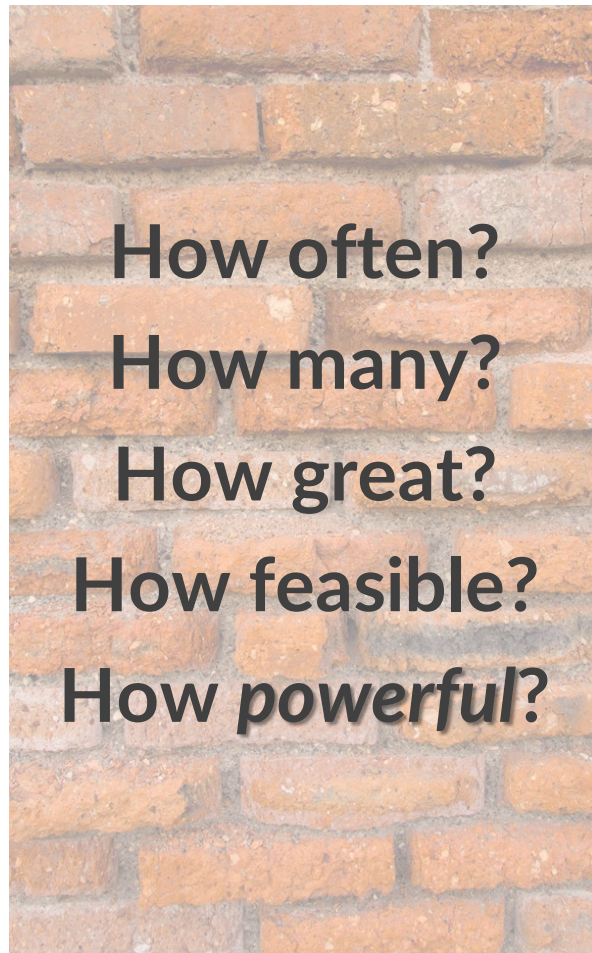


Looking Inward

- How can we develop a truly open door to our community?
- How can we expand our capacity to respond to requests?
- How can we make it so that every patient wants to return?
- How can we fulfill this patient's request?

“What I really want is that when I walk in the door of the clinic I breathe out and feel my body relax. Instead, I always feel myself taking a deep breath and holding it – bracing myself as I go in.”

Female patient, mid-forties



- Interview front line staff
 - My _____ says
- Observe patient behavior
 - Friday night at Wal-Mart
- Consult community “informants”
 - Board members
 - Collaborating agencies
 - Hands-on community leaders
- Identify community norms
 - The spaces patients make
 - The spaces patients navigate
- Tally your demographic data

We tally patients by age, gender, religious preference, zip code, race/ethnicity and preferred language...

Danger: Slicing...but not dicing

- Age and gender?
- Race/ethnicity and preferred language?
- Age and preferred language?
- *What about age, diagnosis and visits per year?*
- *What about distance from site and kept appointments?*

List all Elements of Your **Current** Program of Services:

Example: **Prenatal Care and Delivery**

- Pre – Pregnancy Screening

 - Relational Counseling

 - High Risk Case Management

- Prenatal/Postnatal Exams

 - Childbirth Education

 - Mommy and Me Closet

- Hospital Delivery

 - Post-Partum Home Visits

 - Lactation Consultation

 - High School Parenting Support Group

Why did we start this?

Is our reason still relevant?

How effective are we being?

Can the cost be supported?



Who are our patients?

- Who are the patients who have stayed?
- Who are the patients we have lost?
- Who are the patients who have returned?



What do our patients need us to be to build and maintain relationship?



What do our patients need from us to be successful in carrying out their plan of care?

Requests

- # of External referral requests by service/demographic
- #/% Lack of internal capacity/opportunity
- #/% Confirmed clinical appropriateness
- External response to requests

Completions

- #/% Successful closing of the loop
- Gap in time from request to appt by service type
- Cost implications: health center, patient
- Collaborative Care Patients vs. Lost Patients

Experience

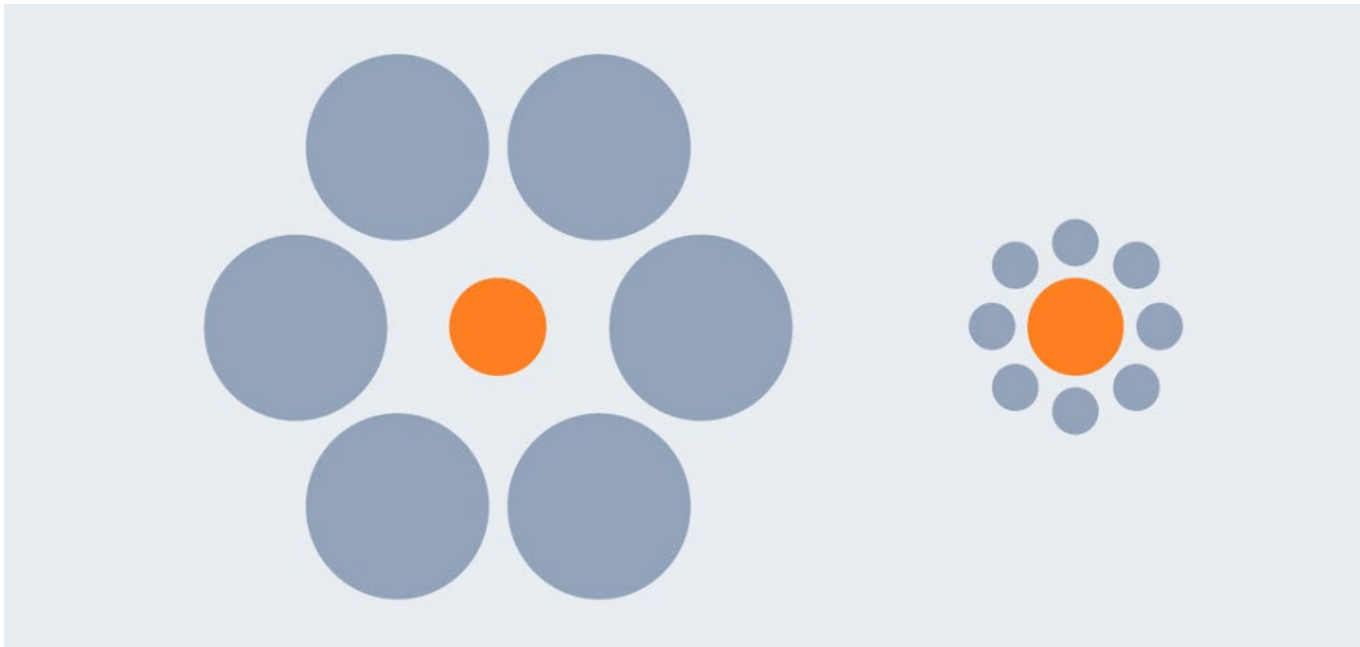
- They will never go...
- They will never go there...
- Do I have to go there...
- I am glad I went there...

- We have a pretty good system of communication from idea to implementation
- We recognize some issues with our communication and address them throughout planning to ensure cooperation
- We have some issues with our communication and are “working on them”
- We often feel frustrated during project development and even implementation because better planning and communication would have helped avoid pitfalls
- What? I wasn’t listening...

REFLECTION

Looking Outward

- Why assess your market?
- What is your perceived market?
- Market may be: geography, specific population, service type
- There is A LOT of data out there
- Challenge your perception





- We always collect and consider market data prior to and during expansion discussions and implementation
- We routinely gather market data that helps inform our decisions
- When a need or question is identified we try to locate/reference appropriate market data
- As an organization we have a general Market/Needs Assessment conducted on a regular basis
- We occasionally collect and present market data when requested by HRSA, partners, etc
- Market data?

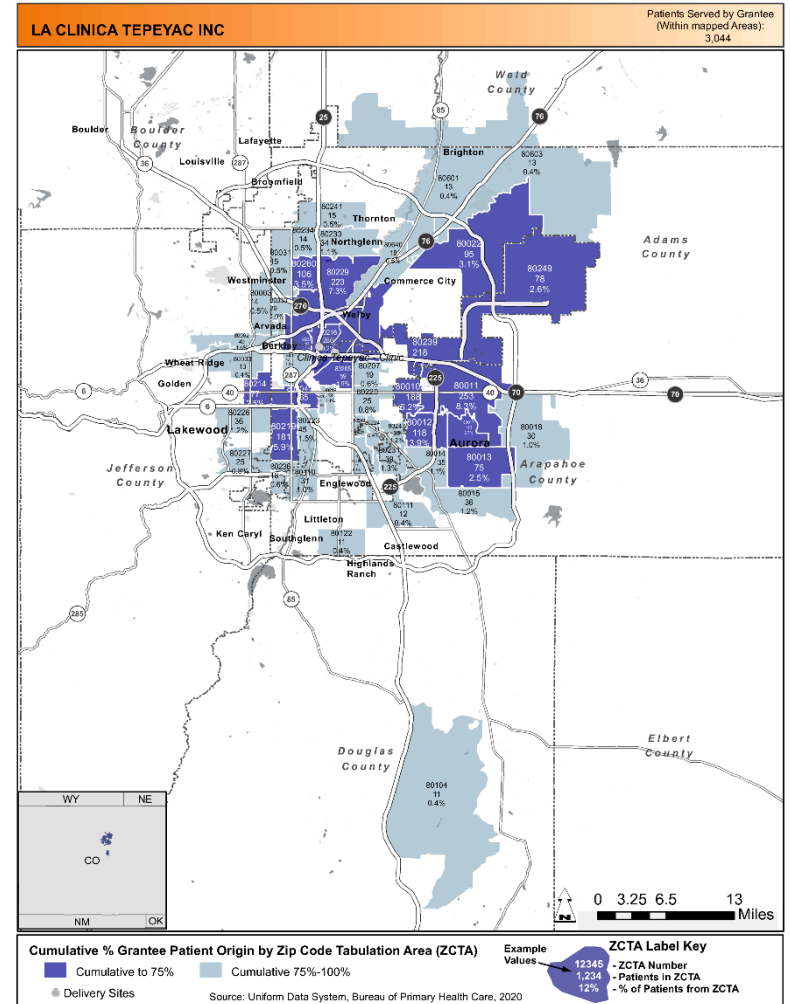


Define Market Service Area

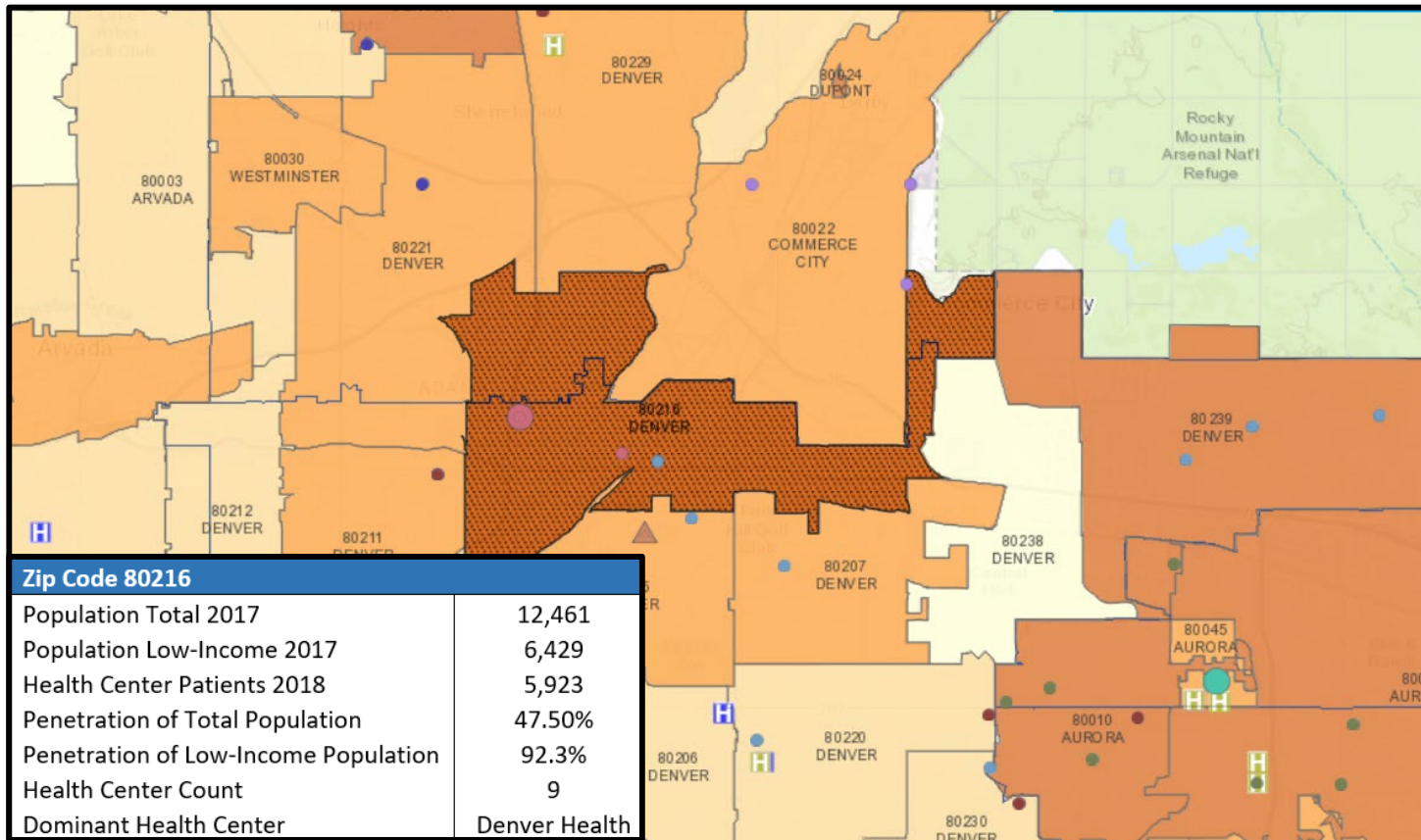
- Examine and map patient origin
- Approximately 75% is considered Primary Service Area
- Next 10-15% is Secondary
- Similar to HRSA UDS Service Area Map and UDSMAPPER

data.HRSA.gov
Denver, Colorado

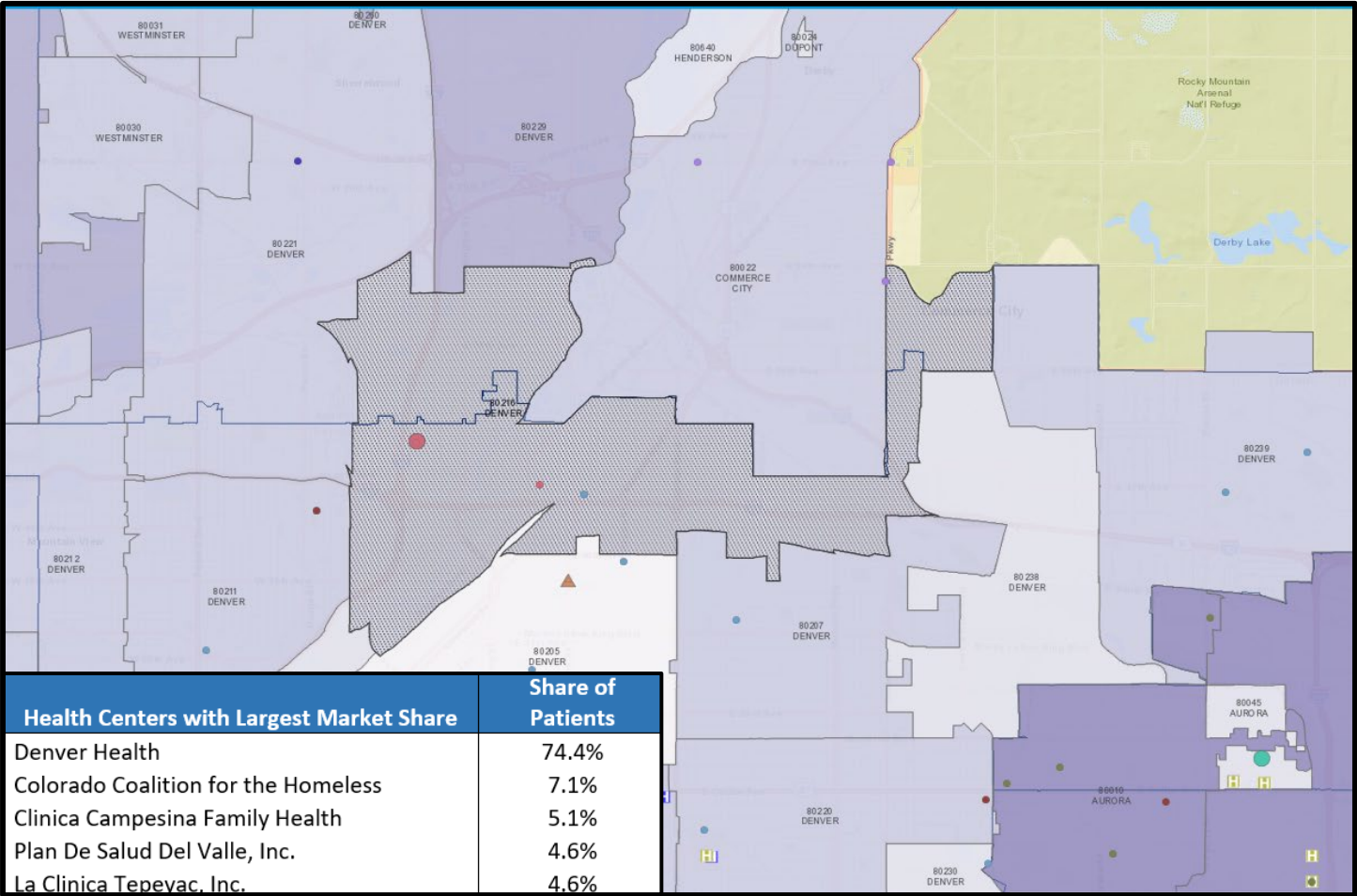
 [Service Area Map](#) Total Patients Served: 8,753



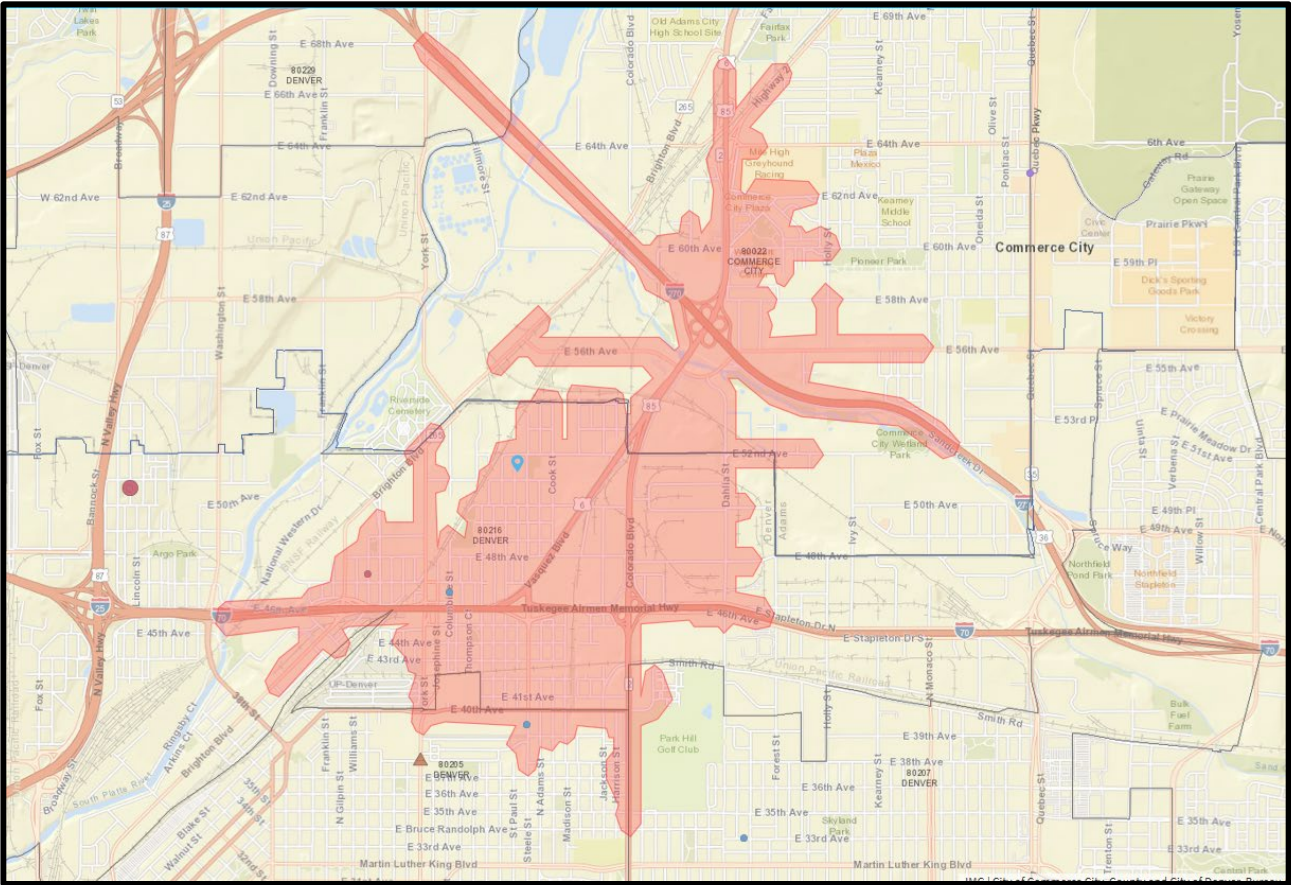
- Basic mapping to present geographical place & surroundings
 - Establish basic population segments
 - Total - Low-Income – Unserved Low-Income



- Low-Income Residents Not Served by a Health Center



- 15 minute drive time from zip code 80216 in Denver, Colorado
... with traffic consideration



- Compare state, county, metropolitan areas, cities, zip codes, etc.
 - Populations
 - Race
 - Income Ratios
 - Education
 - Language
 - Disabilities



- Geographies by census block, tract, zip code, county, state, etc.



POPULATION
1,575,522



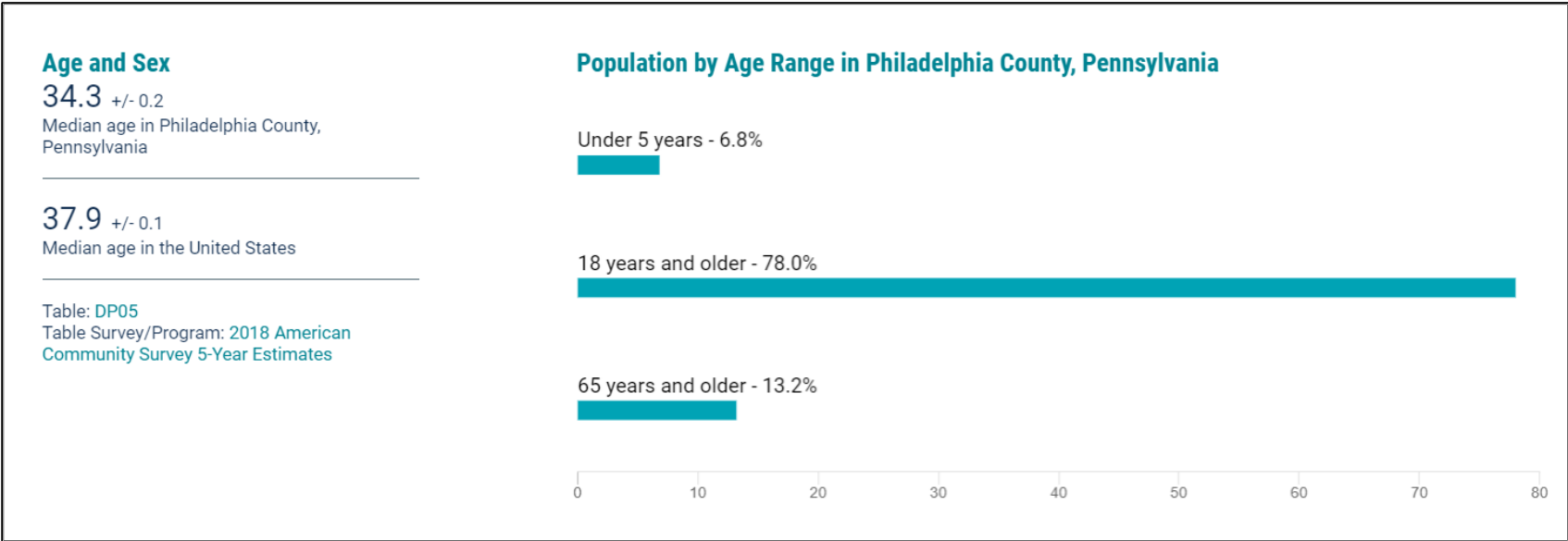
MEDIAN HOUSEHOLD INCOME
\$43,744



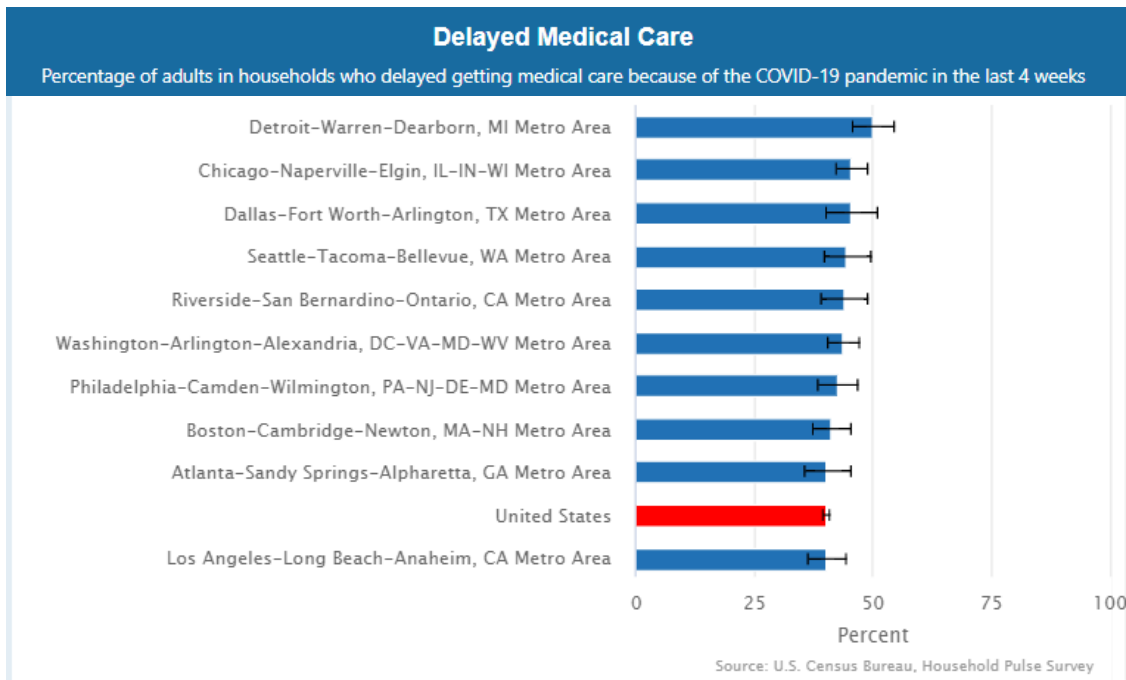
POVERTY RATE
24.9%



BACHELOR'S DEGREE OR HIGHER
28.6%



- Veterans, SNAP, family structure, poverty, language, housing, transportation, businesses (county and zip code business patterns), disability, origins, etc.
- SDOH: Pulse Survey



Choose Estimate

Estimate

- > Education (5)
- > Employment (3)
- > Food Sufficiency and Security (2)
- > Health (5)
- > Housing (4)
- > Spending (2)
- > Transportation (3)



- Compare state, county, metropolitan areas, cities, zip codes, etc.
 - General health indicators
- Other health providers and facilities
- Health Professional Shortage Areas (HPSA) and MUA/Ps
- Health Disparities
- Selected Workforce Considerations



Medical Needs of Service Area

Health Related Establishments by Service Area

| 2019 Health Care Establishments Ratio per 100,000 population | Service Area | State | US |
|--|--------------|-------|------|
| Offices of Physicians | 47.7 | 79.1 | 67.8 |
| Offices of Dentists | 22.8 | 34.1 | 41.5 |
| Offices of Mental Health Practitioners | 0.4 | 7.0 | 7.7 |
| Offices of Optometrists | 4.9 | 5.0 | 6.8 |
| Outpatient Care Centers | 2.6 | 17.5 | 13.8 |
| Medical and Diagnostic Laboratories | 0.8 | 5.0 | 5.1 |
| Home Health Care Services | 3.9 | 10.8 | 10.2 |
| Other Ambulatory Health Care Srvc. | 0.3 | 4.3 | 3.5 |
| Nursing Care Facilities (Skilled Nursing Facilities) | 0.9 | 6.4 | 5.1 |
| Continuing Care Retirement Communities/ Assisted Living | 1.1 | 3.1 | 7.7 |
| Individual and Family Services | 1.7 | 23.0 | 22.1 |

www.census.data.gov Table CB1900CBP

Medical Needs of Service Area County Health Rankings

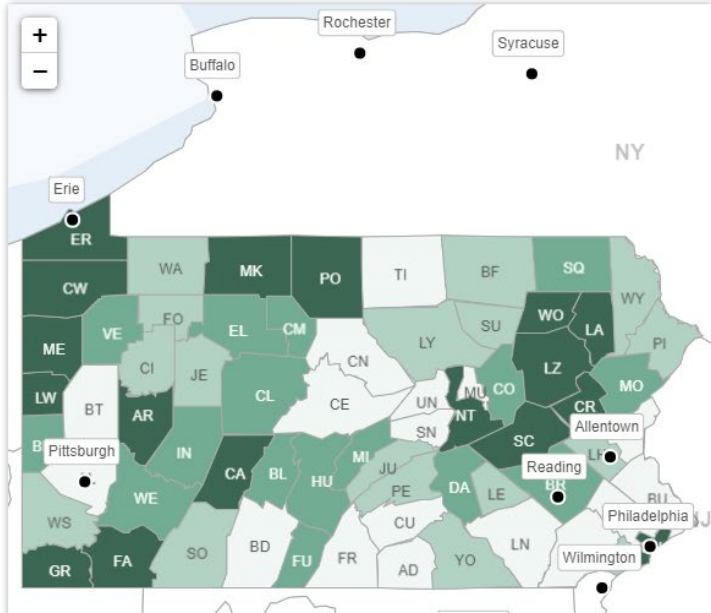


Pennsylvania 2020

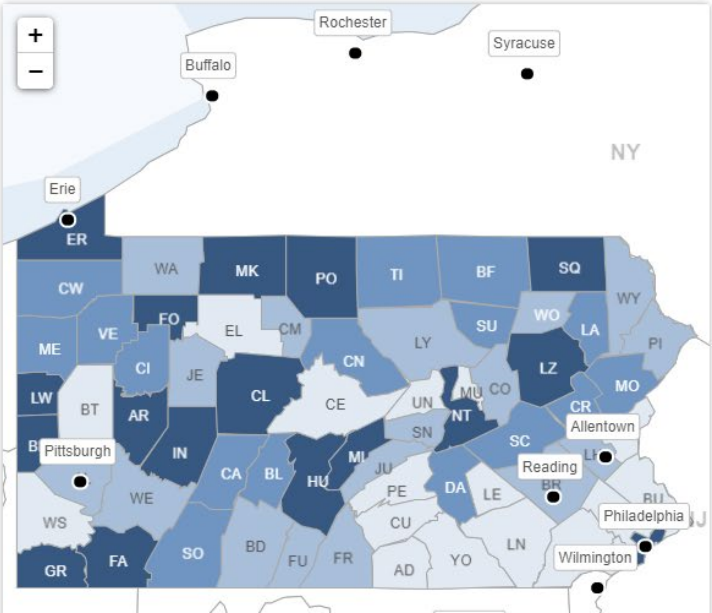
[Overview](#) [Rankings](#) [Measures](#) [Downloads](#) [Compare Counties](#)

Find out how healthy your county is and explore factors that drive your health

Overall Rankings in Health Outcomes



Overall Rankings in Health Factors








www.countyhealthrankings.org

- Providers by County
 - Primary Care
 - Dentists
 - Mental Health

Top U.S. Performers: 1,030:1 (90th percentile)

Range in Pennsylvania (Min-Max): 4,940:1-180:1





































Overall in Pennsylvania: 1,230:1

| Primary Care Physicians Ratio | | | |
|-------------------------------|---------------------------|--------------|---|
| County | # Primary Care Physicians | County Value | Trend |
| Adams | 54 | 1,900:1 |  |
| Allegheny | 1,368 | 890:1 |  |
| Armstrong | 28 | 2,330:1 |  |
| Beaver | 70 | 2,350:1 |  |
| Bedford | 12 | 4,010:1 |  |

www.countyhealthrankings.org

- Health statistics by age, sex, race, and ethnicity
 - Mortality Rates
 - Incidence Rates
 - Socio-Demographics
 - Screening & Risk Factors



| Mortality Incidence Functioning Socio-Demographics Screening & Risk Factors | | | | | | | | |
|--|-----------|----------|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Age-Adjusted Mortality Rates by Cause of Death (2014-2018) | Ohio Rate | USA Rate | Map | Table | Historical Trends Graph | 5-Year Rate Change Graph | Rate/Trend Comparison by Cause of Death | Rate/Trend Comparison by Area |
| Accidents & Adverse Effects | 62.4 | 45.7 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All Causes of Death | 830.9 | 728.8 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Alzheimer's Disease | 32.1 | 29.4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cancer | 172.3 | 155.5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cerebrovascular Diseases | 41.3 | 37.3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Chronic Liver Disease & Cirrhosis | 10.7 | 10.8 |  |  |  |  |  |  |

[Data Portal - HDPulse \(nih.gov\)](https://data.hipulse.nih.gov/)

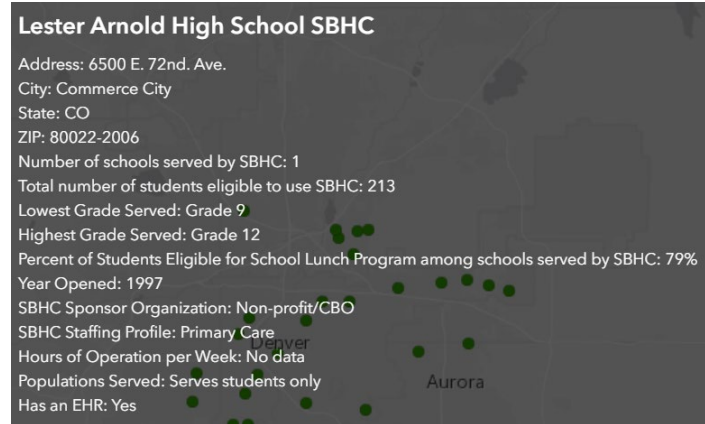
- School Based Health Alliance Child Health & Education Mapping Tool:

<http://data.sbh4all.org/sbhadb/maps/>

- SBHCs & School Characteristics
- Provider Teams
- Population Served
- Delivery Model
- Hours of Operation

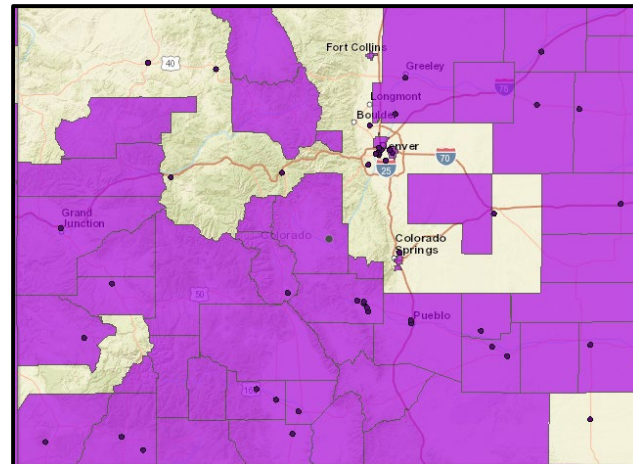
Lester Arnold High School SBHC

Address: 6500 E. 72nd. Ave.
City: Commerce City
State: CO
ZIP: 80022-2006
Number of schools served by SBHC: 1
Total number of students eligible to use SBHC: 213
Lowest Grade Served: Grade 9
Highest Grade Served: Grade 12
Percent of Students Eligible for School Lunch Program among schools served by SBHC: 79%
Year Opened: 1997
SBHC Sponsor Organization: Non-profit/CBO
SBHC Staffing Profile: Primary Care
Hours of Operation per Week: No data
Populations Served: Serves students only
Has an EHR: Yes



- Health Professional Shortage Areas: [HPSA Find \(hrsa.gov\)](http://hrsa.gov)

- HPSA Designation Regions
- HPSA Scores
- Medical, Dental, Mental Health



- Evaluate service area market share
 - Total population and low income population
 - Payer mix
- Population Projections
 - Anticipate changing demographics and their effect
- Estimating potential patients, visits, providers, capital needs





“An organization is considering increasing its low income population market share by 20%.

How many more patients, visits, and providers would that mean?”

| | Scenario 1 |
|--|--------------------------------|
| Number of new patients | 2,000 |
| <u>Provider FTE productivity/Patients per FTE</u> | <u>500</u> |
| Additional provider FTE needed | 4.0 |
| | |
| <u>Support staff per provider FTE</u> | <u>2.3</u> |
| Total FTE needed | 13.2 |
| | |
| <u>Estimated square footage per provider FTE</u> | <u>1,100</u> |
| | |
| Total additional square footage needed | 4,400 |
| <u>Cost per Square Foot?</u> | <u>\$180</u> |
| Estimated Construction Cost | \$792,000 |
| | |
| Hard Costs (construction, etc) | \$ 792,000 70% of Total |
| Soft Costs | \$ 170,000 15% of Total |
| <u>Furniture, Fixtures, & Equipment (FF&E)</u> | <u>\$ 170,000 15% of Total</u> |
| Total Facility Cost | \$1,132,000 |

- UDSMAPPER and HealthLandscape: www.udsmapper.org
- US Census Data: www.census.data.gov
- US Census QuickFacts: www.census.gov/quickfacts
- County Health Rankings: www.countyhealthrankings.org
- Policy Map: www.policymap.com
- Health Disparities: [Quick Profiles - HDPulse \(nih.gov\)](http://Quick Profiles - HDPulse (nih.gov))
- The United States Prosperity Index: www.usprosperity.net
- HRSA's Data Warehouse and Area Health Resource Files: www.data.hrsa.gov
- CDC/Nat'l Center for Health Statistics (FastStats): www.cdc.gov/nchs/fastats/default.htm
- School Based Health Alliance: [School-Based Health Alliance - Redefining Health \(sbh4all.org\)](http://School-Based Health Alliance - Redefining Health (sbh4all.org))
- Capital Link Publications and Toolkits: <https://www.capl原因ink.org/index.php/resources>
- US SBA's Market Analysis: <https://www.sba.gov/tools/sba-learning-center/training/market-research>
- United Health Foundation, America's Health Rankings: <https://www.americashealthrankings.org/>

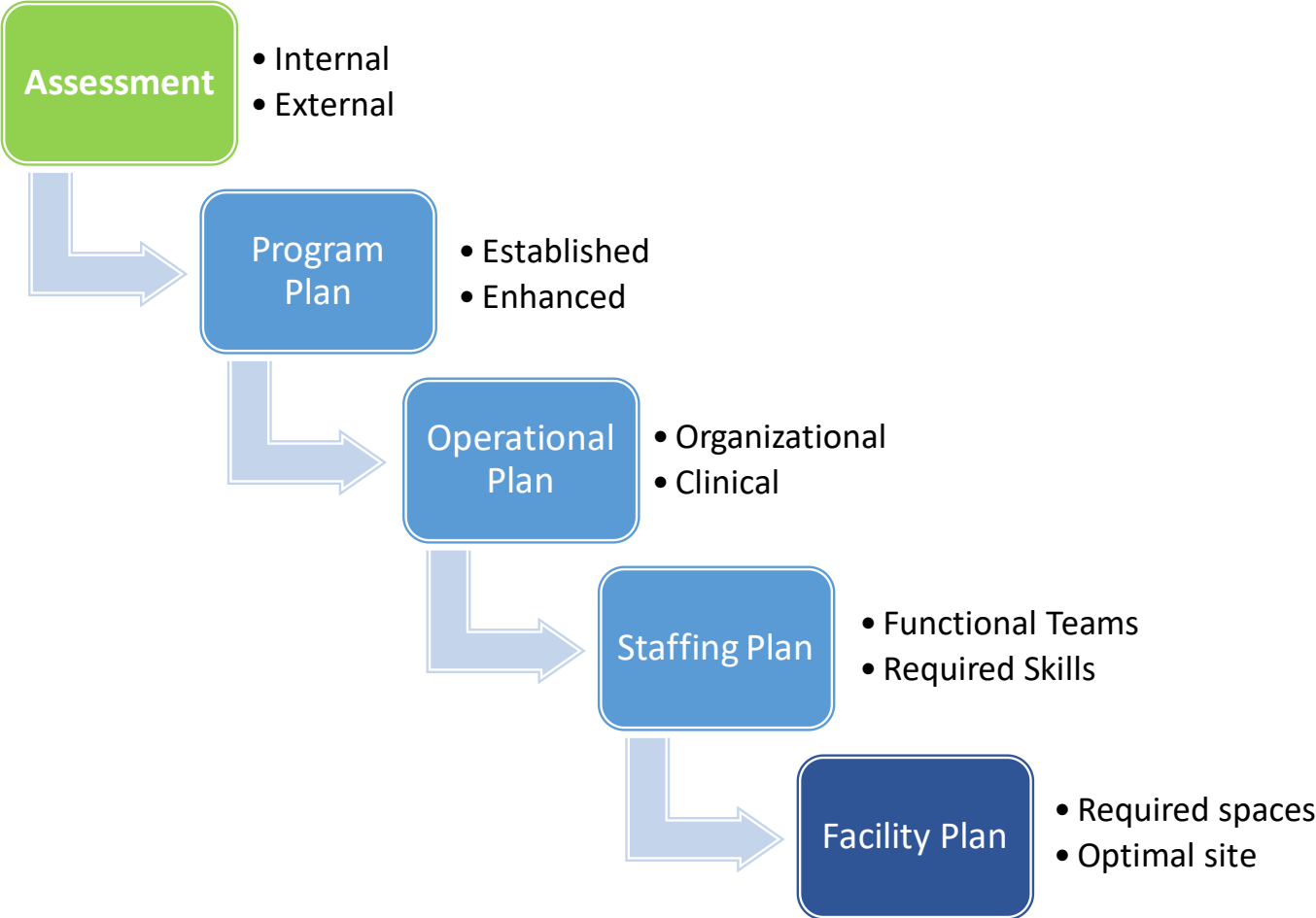


Looking Ahead

- Just exploring ideas and concepts, preparing for “the next thing”
- The health center has a project idea and decided to move forward with pre-planning
- Continued defining of planning thus far, perhaps due to HRSA capital grant(s)
- Initial ideas are in place – pre-planning well underway
- Beyond pre-planning – talking/working with architects, contractors, financing, etc
- Moving forward with project, just making sure we’re not missing anything significant

Where are you?







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